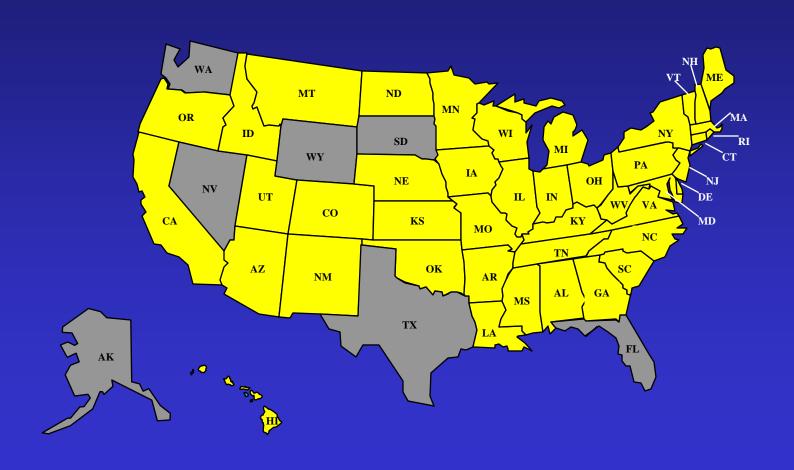
Washington's Tax System

Presented at Governor's Economic & Workforce Development Conference, September 7, 2006

Summary of Washington's Tax Advantages

- No Personal Income Tax
- No Tax on Intangibles
- No Capital Gains Tax
- B&O Tax Has Low Flat Rates & Easy to Calculate
- Average Property Taxes with Protections for Business
- Many Tax Incentives

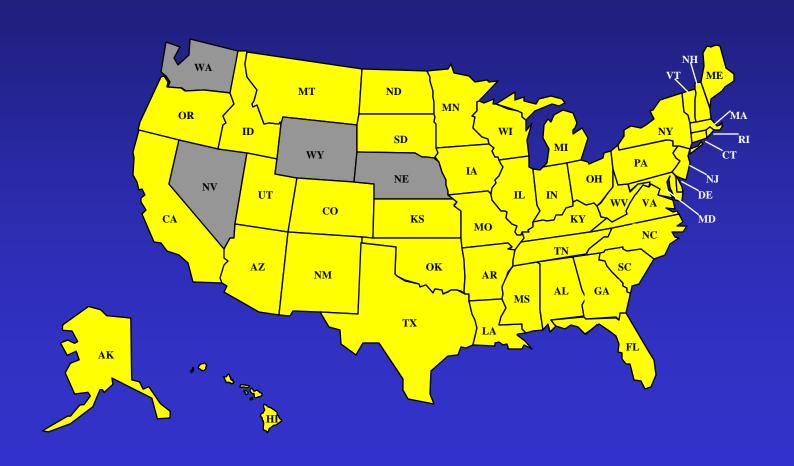
Personal Income Taxes are imposed in 43 states



Washington Has No Personal Income Tax

- Reduces the administrative costs associated with employees
- Reduces the cost of labor since employees pay no income taxes
- Substantial benefit for entrepreneurs running their own business and highly compensated executives
- No double taxation of business income (via corporate and personal income taxes)

Corporate Income Taxes are imposed in 46 states



Washington is One of Two States with a Gross Receipts (Business and Occupation) Tax



Business and Occupation Tax

- B&O tax is broad-based with low flat rates, which can be a great benefit for firms with high profit margins
- B&O rate for most activities is just under one half of one percent
- Flat rate is easy to calculate
- Rate of many service businesses is higher, 1.5%, but there is no sales tax charged
- More beneficial system to established firms than start-ups.

Business and Occupation Tax

- B&O tax is not a unitary tax.
- B&O tax only taxes activities that occur within Washington.
- B&O tax compared to corporate income tax is more beneficial to businesses with large profit margins and WA headquartered business not engaged in service activities.
- B&O tax compared to corporate income tax is less beneficial to businesses with small profit margins and start-ups.

Washington does not tax intangibles such as financial assets

 Thus there is generally no tax on income from stocks, bonds, or investment portfolios

Washington has no capital gains tax

- Substantial benefits for investors and retirees
- No capital gains tax and no tax on financial assets together reduce the costs of raising capital in Washington

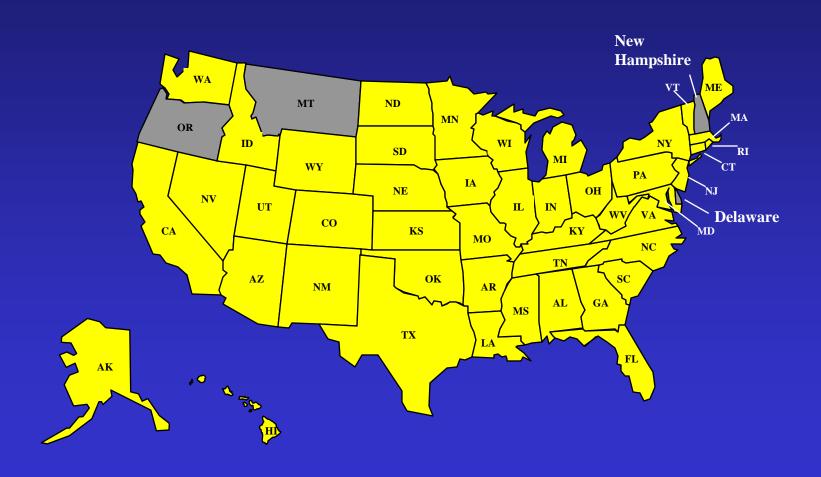
Property Taxes are imposed in all 50 states



Property Tax

- Property tax rates are moderate, predictable, and are near the national average.
- Tax imposed on assessed value, which is approximation of fair market value
- Washington has various property tax limitations result in rates that are generally declining
 - Constitutional limit of 1% of property value
 - Constitutional requirement that all property be taxed uniformly. Businesses and residential property are taxed the same.
 - Statutory limit of 1% growth in property tax levies

Sales Taxes are imposed in 46 states



Retail Sales & Use Tax

 Applies to purchases of tangible personal property and some services, including <u>construction labor</u>

Tax Rate (varies according to location):

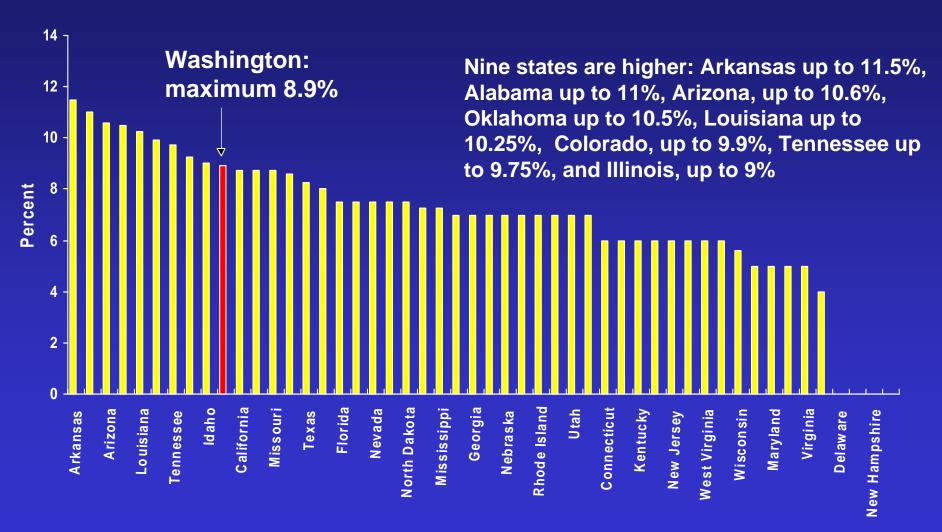
State: 6.5% (no change since 1983)

Local: 0.5% - 2.4% (average of 1.9%)

Maximum: 8.9% (Lynnwood)

Most of Puget Sound area 8.4%-8.8%

Maximum Combined State and Local Sales Tax Rates Among Highest in Nation



Source: Comparative State and Local Taxes, 2000

Types of Tax Incentives

- Exemptions
- Preferential B&O Tax Rates
- B&O Tax Credits
- Sales/Use Tax Deferrals & Waivers

Washington's tax incentives generally focus on B&O tax and sales tax because these taxes impose the greatest burden on business

Types of Tax Incentives

- Incentives by Industry
- Tax Incentives by Activity
- Tax Incentives by Location

Or a combination of one or more of these elements

B&O Tax Exemptions and Preferential Rates

Rate Activity

Exempt Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Manufacturing

Exempt Dairy Products Manufacturing

Exempt Seafood Product Manufacturing

Exempt Investment Income by Non-financial Firms

Exempt Interest Income on First Mortgages

Exempt Sales of Real Estate

.00138% Reselling Prescription Drugs

.00138% Processing/Wholesaling Perishable Meat

Products

Preferential Rates Continued

<u>Rate</u>	<u>Activity</u>
.00138	Processing Dried Peas
.00138	Manufacturing flour & oil
.00138	Manufacturing Biofuel
.00275	International Freight Brokers, Stevedoring
.00275	Travel Agent Commissions
.00275	International Management Services
.002904	Manufacturing Aluminum
.002904	Commercial Aircraft Repair & Maintenance
.002904	Manufacturing Solar Energy Systems

Preferential Rates Continued

.004235* Manufacturing & Selling Commercial

Airplanes & Component Parts.

.004235* Forest & Timber Products Industry

.00484 Child Care, Insurance Agent Commissions,

Radio & TV Broadcasting, Royalties,

Warehousing (Instead of .015)

PENDING PREFERENTIAL RATES

.00275 Manufacturing Semiconductor Materials

.002904 Manufacturing & Selling Commercial

Airplanes & Component Parts

.002904 Forest & Timber Products Industry

Tax Incentives

- Manufacturing*
- Aerospace
- High Tech
- Biomedical
- Food Processors
- Clean Energy
- Forest Products
- Miscellaneous
- * "Manufacturing" also includes R&D facilities, commercial testing laboratories, computer programming & the production of computer software

Tax Incentives by Industry: Manufacturing*

- Sales/Use Tax Exemption for Machinery and Equipment Used Directly in the Manufacturing Operation (The "M&E Exemption")
- Sales/Use Tax Deferral/Waiver for Construction of Facilities and Purchase of Equipment for Manufacturing Operations in Rural Counties & Counties with CEZs.
- B&O Tax Credit for New Jobs in Rural Counties/CEZs
 - * Includes R&D facilities, commercial testing laboratories, computer programming and the production of computer software

Tax Incentives by Industry: Aerospace

- Preferential B&O rate for aerospace product (airplanes and their components) manufacturing and wholesale sales of products (.004235 instead of .00484, and reduce to .002904 by July 1, 2007)
- Preferential B&O rate for FAR Part 145 Repair Stations (.00275 instead of .00471)
- B&O credit for property taxes paid on aerospace product manufacturing facilities
- B&O credit for preproduction development costs for anyone engaged in aerospace design, development, and engineering of aerospace products
- Sales/use tax exemption for computers and software for anyone engaged in aerospace design, development, and engineering of aerospace products

Tax Incentives by Industry: High Technology

- B&O tax credit for qualifying research and development activities (advanced computing, advanced materials, biotechnology, electronic device technology, and environmental technology)
- Statewide sales/use tax deferral/waiver for construction of facilities and acquisition of equipment used in qualifying research and development operations
- B&O credits for software development and help-desk services in rural areas
- Preferential rate for income from royalties and licenses

Tax Incentives by Industry: Clean Energy (Manufacturing)

- Preferential B&O rate for manufacturers of biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, alcohol fuel, and wood biomass fuel (.00138 instead of .00484)
- Preferential B&O rate for manufacturers of solar energy systems using photovoltaic modules or silicon components of these systems (.002904 instead of .00484)
- Statewide sales/use tax deferral/waiver for construction of facilities and acquisition of equipment used in manufacturing operations of biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, alcohol fuel, and wood biomass fuel

Tax Incentives by Industry: Clean Energy (Distribution & Retail)

- Sales/use tax exemption for construction of facilities and acquisition of equipment used directly in the retail sale of such fuels
- Sales/use tax exemption for purchase of fuel delivery vehicles and labor/services charges related to such vehicles provided that 75% of fuel distributed is biodiesel fuel, wood biomass fuel, or alcohol fuels
- B&O tax deduction for Income received from the distribution or retail sale of biodiesel fuel, wood biomass fuel, or alcohol fuels

Tax Incentives by Industry: BioTech

In addition to all High Technology tax incentives:

 Statewide sales/use tax deferral/waiver for construction of facilities and acquisition of equipment used for biotechnology product or medical device manufacturing

Tax Incentives by Industry: Food Processing

- (B&O) tax exemption for income from:
 - Canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits and vegetables or to wholesale sales by the persons performing these activities;
 - Manufacturing seafood products when the seafood products remain in a raw, frozen, or raw salted state at the end of the manufacturing process; or
 - Manufacturing dairy products, when the sales are to purchasers who transport the goods out of this state in the ordinary course of business
- Results in tax only be due on in-state sales

Tax Incentives by Industry: Food Processing

- Statewide sales/use tax deferral/waiver for construction of facilities and acquisition of equipment used in:
 - Canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits and vegetables
 - Manufacturing seafood products when the products remain in a raw, frozen, or raw salted state after manufacturing; or
 - Manufacturing dairy products
- Rebate of all state sales tax paid on construction of cold storage warehouses with square footage of 25,000 or more and purchases of material-handling equipment and racking equipment

Tax Incentives by Industry: Forest Products

- Preferential B&O rate (.004235 instead of .00484, and will drop to .002904 by July 1, 2007). Applies to:
 - Extracting timber or extracting timber for-hire;
 - Manufacturing or processing timber into timber products or wood products;
 - Manufacturing or processing timber products into other timber products or wood products;
 - Selling at wholesale:
 - timber extracted by the seller;
 - timber products manufactured by the seller from timber or other timber products; and
 - wood products manufactured by the seller from timber or timber products.

Tax Incentives by Activity Miscellaneous

- Rebate of 100% of state sales tax paid on the of a third-party warehouses with square footage of 200,000 or more and 50% of state sales tax paid on purchases of material-handling equipment and racking equipment
- B&O tax credit for half of the amount repaid for customized employment training through community and technical colleges. Participating employers are required to increase their employment in this state by a minimum of 75 percent of the number of employees enrolled in the training program.

Where to Get Help

 DOR Tax Incentive Page at: http://dor.wa.gov/content/taxes/incentives/default.aspx

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